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## Worksheet 7-6: Buying a Car, Used or New

Used cars are less expensive to buy and less expensive to insure. A good used car will cost a lot less than a new model of the same car. New cars can be bought or leased. Depending on your situation, there are advantages to buying or leasing. The initial costs for obtaining a new vehicle are usually greater than those for obtaining a used vehicle.

The following words or abbreviations are commonly seen in advertisements for vehicles. Match these words or abbreviations on the left to their most appropriate meanings on the right.

1. 5 -spd $\qquad$ front-wheel drive
2. auto $\qquad$ 5-speed
3. obo $\qquad$ air conditioning
4. PS $\qquad$ 170000 km
5. 170 K $\qquad$ power windows
6. AWD $\qquad$ automatic
7. e-test $\qquad$ power steering
8. PB $\qquad$ power (door) locks
9. cert $\qquad$ year 2000 model
10. PW $\qquad$ or best offer
11. A/C $\qquad$ emission test
12. FWD $\qquad$ has all extra options
13. loaded $\qquad$ power brakes
14. PL or PDL $\qquad$ all-wheel drive
15. '00 $\qquad$ certified

Buying or leasing a new vehicle is a big expenditure, and often involves making a down payment. A down payment is the initial payment due upon the purchase or lease of an item, such as a car or a house. Leasing a new vehicle is basically entering into a long-term rental agreement which involves making a series of regular payments at equal intervals of time over the term of the agreement. You drive the car but you do not own it.

## Comparing Used Cars:

1. Explain why three identical model vehicles of the same age, found in the classified advertisements of a local newspaper, could have three very different prices.

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## Buying a New Vehicle:

2. A local dealership is selling a new compact car for $\$ 17995$ plus taxes ( $5 \%$ GST and $8 \%$ PST). The dealership offers financing at $4.9 \%$ annual interest rate, compounded monthly, over four years. You have saved $\$ 3000$ for a down payment. You will finance the rest.
(a) What is the after-tax cost or total cost of the car?

| Total cost $=$ Selling price + Selling price $\times 0.13$ | or $\quad$ Total cost $=$ Selling price $\times 1.13$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

(b) What is the amount to be financed or principal of the car loan?
(c) What will be your monthly payment for financing the car?
$P=\quad i=\quad n=$

$$
P M T=\frac{P i}{1-(1+i)^{-n}}
$$

(d) What is the total amount paid for the car?

> Total amount paid = Down payment + Loan repayment (Sum of monthly payments)
(e) What is the total interest paid for financing the car?

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## Leasing a New Vehicle:

3. To lease a new car selling for $\$ 24000$, a customer agrees to pay $\$ 1000$ down payment and to make 48 monthly payment of $\$ 369$.
(a) Calculate the total cost of leasing the vehicle.

Total Cost of Leasing = Down payment + Monthly payments (Sum of monthly payments)
(b) Calculate the average cost per month over the term of the lease.

## Buying a Used Vehicle:

4. Vehicles purchased from a private seller (e.g. your neighbour) are not subject to GST. Only PST is charged when you change the vehicle's ownership papers. A used car is advertised for sale in a local newspaper for $\$ 4500$.
(a) Determine the total cost of the vehicle with 8\% PST.

Total cost $=$ Selling price + Selling price $\times \mathbf{0 . 0 8}$ or
Total cost $=$ Selling price $\times 1.08$
(b) Determine the monthly payment for a $\$ 5000$ loan at $8 \%$ annual interest, compounded monthly for two years.
$P=$
$i=$
$n=$

$$
P M T=\frac{P i}{1-(1+i)^{-n}}
$$

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5. Calculate the after-tax cost of the following vehicles available at a local car dealership.
(a) a two-year-old minivan selling for \$22995
(b) a new sports car selling for \$36 250
6. Calculate the after-tax cost of the following vehicles purchased from a private seller.
(a) a nine-year-old compact car for $\$ 2500$
(b) a 12-year-old mid-size diesel car for $\$ 4200$
7. To finance a new compact car, $\$ 15000$ is borrowed for five years at $9.25 \%$ annual interest, compounded monthly.
(a) Determine the monthly payment. $P=$
$i=$
$n=$

$$
P M T=\frac{P i}{1-(1+i)^{-n}}
$$

(b) Calculate the total amount paid to the financial institution for the car loan.
(c) Calculate the total amount of interest paid over the term of the loan.
$\qquad$
o annual interest, compounded To financ
monthly.
(a) Determine the monthly payment. $P=$

$$
i=
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$$
P M T=\frac{P i}{1-(1+i)^{-n}}
$$

(b) Calculate the total amount paid to the financial institution for the car loan.
(c) Calculate the total amount of interest paid over the term of the loan.
9. Calculate the total cost of each new car lease.
(a) a luxury sedan worth $\$ 72000$ leasing for $\$ 7500$ down and 39 monthly payments of $\$ 899$
(b) a car worth $\$ 18000$ leasing for $\$ 1000$ down plus 36 monthly payments of $\$ 299$

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10. To lease a new car worth $\$ 30000$, a customer agrees to pay a $\$ 1000$ down payment and 48 monthly payments of \$525.
(a) Calculate the total cost of leasing the vehicle.
(b) Calculate the average cost per month over the term of the lease.
(c) After 48 months, the customer will have to return the vehicle to the dealership. What options do you think that the customer would have at that point?
(d) If instead, the customer buys the car with $\$ 1000$ down and finances the rest of the cost at $6 \%$ annual interest, compounded monthly for four years, determine the total amount paid for the car.

Answers: 1. different mileage, condition, or damage; 2. (a) $\$ 20334.35$, (b) $\$ 17334.35$, (c) $\$ 398.41$, (d) $\$ 22123.68$, (e) $\$ 1789.33$; 3. (a) $\$ 18712$, (b) $\$ 389.83$; 4. (a) $\$ 4860$, (b) $\$ 226.14$; 5. (a) $\$ 25984.35$, (b) $\$ 40962.50$;
6. (a) $\$ 2700$, (b) $\$ 4536$; 7. (a) $\$ 313.20$, (b) $\$ 18792$, (c) $\$ 3792$; 8. (a) $\$ 209.51$, (b) $\$ 10056.48$, (c) $\$ 1556.48$;
9. (a) $\$ 42561$, (b) $\$ 11764 ; 10$. (a) $\$ 26200$, (b) $\$ 545.83$, (c) buy the car or lease a new car,
(d) $\$ 38087.68$ (Total cost $\$ 33900, \mathrm{P}=\$ 32900, \mathrm{PMT}=\$ 772.66$ ).
$\qquad$
$\qquad$


## Dissecting A Car Ad

## $\$ 2,500_{\text {BACK }}^{\text {CASH }}$

"Cash Back" can be used in different ways to sweeten the deal for the buyer. For example, some people use the money as a down payment while others use it as a rebate. Knowing that this money is available, and planning ahead of time to make use of it, will help you get a good deal

## 1. Take note of this key word "or". You can get cash back or $0.9 \%$ financing, but you can't have both. <br> Calculate your deal both ways and see what saves you the most money.

## $0.9 \%$ (on approved credit)

This interest rate, which is nearly 1 percent, could save you thousands of dollars over the life of the loan. However, you can't get it unless you have good credit. Still, it's worth going for it.

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[^0]:    'Excluces SuperCrew and Lightring editions. Not all buyers will qualify for towest APR. Limiled-lerm Ford Credit APR financing. Residency restrictions apply. Take new retail delivery from dealer stock ol select 2001 models by 108.01, See dealer for qualfication and other dotails, "F. 150 Regutar Cab and SuperCab Pickups equipped with the optornal 7001 payload group have the highest maximum payload capacity in their class. Besed on 2001 mocel year data avaliable on the marutaccuer's website at the tme of print Vetice contguration assurnes extended cab, short bed, $4 \times 2$, with largest displacement optional V8 engine. F-150 includes the optional 77004 payload package, which is not avalable on Tundra, Ram 1500 or Silverado 1500 .

    The large print giveth, and the small print taketh away. Now we are brought down to earth and learn all the restrictions there are on the above promises. Notably, special models aren't eligible; you have to have great credit; you have to borrow for a set amount of time; the offer expires soon; the offer isn't good in all states; the dealer may have restrictions.

